

Ketamine monitoring chart

Chronic ketamine use may cause urinary and hepatobiliary tract toxicity (see monograph on palliativedrugs.com).

Practitioners should:

- advise patients to promptly report any new urinary tract symptoms or abdominal pain
- monitor for these toxicities, at least monthly.

Name

Hospital no.

D.O.B.

Address

(or affix sticker)

	Baseline	Visit 1	2	3	4	5
Date						
Ketamine dose (mg/24h)						

Urinary symptoms: enter score using questionnaire overleaf					
Urgency					
Frequency >2 hourly					
Nocturia					
Dysuria					
Haematuria					

If new or worsening symptoms, dip test urine.

If dip test suggests possible infection, send MSU.

In the absence of infection, consider ketamine-related cystitis.

Consider stopping the ketamine (ideally withdraw over 2–3 weeks), and seeking the advice of a urologist.

Liver function: enter value					
Date of test					
(if different from above)					
ALT/AST					
Bilirubin					
Alk Phos					
Albumin					

Abnormal LFTs have been seen with both ketamine abuse and analgesic use.

In abusers, abdominal pain has been reported and, in some, dilation or strictures of the common bile duct.

When ketamine is stopped, the LFTs, abdominal pain and biliary duct dilation generally improve.

During the past month, how often have you felt the strong urge to pass urine with little or no warning?	 0 Not at all 1 Less than 1 time in 5 2 Less than half the time 3 About half the time 4 More than half the time 5 Almost always
During the past month, have you had to pass urine less than 2 hours after the last time?	 0 Not at all 1 Less than 1 time in 5 2 Less than half the time 3 About half the time 4 More than half the time 5 Almost always
During the past month, how often do you typically get up at night to pass urine?	 0 None 1 Once 2 Twice 3 Three times 4 Four times 5 Five or more times
During the past month, have you experienced pain or burning in your bladder?	 0 Not at all 1 A few times 2 Fairly often 3 Usually 4 Almost always
During the past month, have you experienced passing blood or blood clots in your urine?	 0 Not at all 1 A few times 2 Fairly often 3 Usually 4 Almost always